

Dog Park Etiquette

Rules of dog-park etiquette and deportment for dogs and their handlers.

By Pat Miller

Depending on who you talk to, dog parks are either the best thing since sliced bread or the worst place to ever take your dog. So which is right?

They both are. Any local dog park can be a dog's dream or an owner's nightmare to take your dog, provided it is well-constructed, well-maintained, and well-monitored. All of which is determined by you, the park and the other dogs that go there.

In a word, it's all about etiquette. If you understand the rules of dog park etiquette – and if other park users also understand and follow the same rules, you can be in dog park heaven. When etiquette goes by the wayside, you have a classic recipe for disaster.

Create a park culture

It only takes one renegade to spoil a park for other users. The best **dog parks** are those whose users band together to create a sense of community, who use education, peer pressure and, when necessary, call in the appropriate authorities to help regulate those who won't follow the rules of etiquette and common sense.

Whether private or public, rules of dog park etiquette generally fall into three categories: Appropriate dog behavior, appropriate human behavior, and rules of engagement what to do when someone doesn't follow the rules.

Appropriate dog behavior

Not all dogs are good candidates for dog-park play. A dog park is not the appropriate place for **dogs who have serious behavior problems** in relation to other dogs or humans. Dogs with these kinds of "issues" should be carefully socialized in environments that are far more controlled than a dog park while their owners do behavior modification work. Consider the following carefully before taking your dog through the gate into your local dog park.

- Dog-park dogs should be friendly and outgoing, without being overbearing, obnoxious, or bullying.
- Your dog should be reasonably confident and social. Those who are fearful, aggressive, or reactive are not appropriate for dog parks.
- Basic good manners are a park prerequisite. Your dog should not body-slam, mouth, jump on kids, or mark (leg-lift) humans in the park, nor should he jump into laps of random sitting humans without invitation.

- Your dog should be responsive to basic cues – at least “come when called,” “sit,” and “leave it/off,” so you can get control of him if necessary, and prevent him from harassing others.
- Barking should be kept to a reasonable level, both for the comfort of other park users as well as nearby neighbors. Occasional barks of joy are acceptable. Non-stop barking of a “fun police” type dog is not, nor is barking with more serious aggressive intent.
- Only healthy dogs should visit dog parks. Obviously, communicable diseases and parasites are unacceptable as these can affect and infect other dogs. Structural unsoundness that can cause pain (hip dysphasia, arthritis, etc.) are a high risk factor for causing aggression when a dog is hurt or stressed by the anticipation of being hurt.

Human behavior

This is even longer than the dog behavior list. We humans are responsible for our dogs’ behaviors, hence we play a critically important role in making sure proper etiquette is adhered to, by our dogs as well as ourselves.

- As a new park user, visit the park without your dog to observe park culture and practices. Arrange to take your dog to the park the first time at non-peak use hours to allow both of you to acquaint yourselves with the environment without the stress and distraction of multiple dogs.



Two dogs were running very fast and slammed into this man from behind at a high speed. All you can see of the Shepherd-mix is the tip of his tail. Boom! He went down like a ton of bricks. No harm done this time. But this common dog-park accident demonstrates why small children should not be in a dog park, for their own safety.

- Obey all posted park rules, even if you disagree with them.
- Don’t bring small children inside the dog park. Occasionally, dogs who are running fast in a chasing game will accidentally run into a grown-up, sometimes even knocking down a full-sized man. Imagine what could happen to your toddler and that’s just from an accident, not even from the attention of a large dog with a strong prey drive who has never been socialized to small children!
- Limit (or don’t use at all) your use of toys or food treats as necessary to avoid dog/dog conflict. This may vary depending on the dog population at the park during any given visit.
- Keep puppies under the age of four months at home. They aren’t fully immunized yet, so are at higher risk for contracting diseases, and are very vulnerable to being traumatized by another dog’s inappropriate behavior.

- Be harshly realistic about your dog's potential as a park playmate. The dog park is not the appropriate place to work on fixing your dog's behavior problems.
- Watch park play for several minutes before you take your dog in to be sure there are no dogs present who are inappropriate play partners for your dog.
- Remove your dog's leash before you enter the off-leash area. Mixing on-leash and off-leash dogs can cause stress in the leashed dogs, which may lead to aggression.
- Supervise your dog's play. This is not the time to bury your nose in the latest copy of WDJ or your favorite novel. Be prepared to interrupt inappropriate play whether your dog is the perpetrator or the victim.
- If someone complains about your dog's behavior, be prepared to consider his perspective before defending your dog or just blowing off the complaint. Apologize if your dog has been inappropriate, and be willing to leave the park if your dog is being too rough. If you really disagree with the person's assessment of your dog's behavior, ask someone you respect for her honest and frank opinion.
- Be polite, even if someone else's dog is inappropriate and the owner isn't controlling her dog or is unwilling to take her own dog out of the park.
- Keep the dog-human ratio manageable. A standard recommendation is no more than two or three dogs per human assuming those two to three dogs can be reasonably managed by one human!
- Remember: not all dogs enjoy playing with others. Be willing to leave if your dog isn't having a good time. Some dogs enjoy a small circle of intimate friends but aren't keen on crowds. Some enjoy park play as youngsters, but less so as they mature. If you love going to the park but your dog doesn't, go without him! Go with a friend who has a more gregarious canine, or go dog less and socialize with other owners.
- Avoid disciplining another park user's dog. If you must use force to break up a fight, so be it, but do not attempt to "punish" someone else's dog once the conflict is ended. If you find another dog's behavior unacceptable, take your own dog out of the park rather than "correcting" someone else's dog.
- Honor the posted dog-park hours. They are set for a reason often for your own safety, or to maintain peace and harmony with nearby neighbors.
- Of course, as always, clean up after your dog religiously both inside and outside the park. Be willing to clean up unclaimed piles of dog poo from visitors who don't know or don't follow the rules of dog-park etiquette, or perhaps who just didn't notice their dog leaving a fecal souvenir.

Police yourself and each other.

If a human or his dog is behaving inappropriately, assume they don't know any better, and do your best to educate gently and politely.

If you're uncomfortable doing so, seek out the help of another park user for support. Don't wimp out! As a responsible dog-park user, you have an obligation to report inappropriate actions of other users that put the safety of dogs and humans at risk. How would you feel if you turned a blind eye to a potentially dangerous behavior, only to have another person or dog injured perhaps seriously or fatally if an incident happens in the future that you might have been able to prevent?

Examples of positive phrases to use with an owner might include:

- "Excuse me, but perhaps you didn't realize that this side of the park is for dogs under 25 pounds . . . Your Lab is really handsome; I bet he'd love to play with the Golden Retriever on the other side of that fence."
- "Hey, that sandwich looks tasty and there's a St. Bernard headed this way who's eyeing it with great interest. It might be safer if you finished eating it outside the fence and then brought your dog back in to play."
- "What a cutey! I'd hate to see your little girl get hurt! And actually the park rules state that only kids 8 years or older to be in here . . ."

If the inappropriate actions are putting you or your dog at risk and the other dog owner isn't receptive to education, take your dog and leave the park until you can ask the users' group or other park authorities to handle the situation.



Being positive works better with everyone, just as it does with dogs.

Before you turn him loose to play, remove all of your dog's gear except for the easily removable plain buckle collar that (we hope!) holds your dog's ID. It's very common for a dog to get his teeth or jaw caught in his playmate's gear; some dogs have suffered broken jaws, and others have choked to death before they could be freed.